

# Die Einheit der Gesellschaftswissenschaften

Founded by Erik Boettcher

In association with Andreas Diekmann, Dieter Frey, Volker Gadenne, Karl Homann, Wolfgang Kerber, Christian Kirchner (†), Arnold Picot, Victor Vanberg, and Reinhard Zintl edited by Max Albert.

The *Einheit der Gesellschaftswissenschaften (EdG)* series publishes monographs and in exceptional cases multi-authored works which contribute to the critique of and the innovation in the basic theoretical and methodological principles of economics and the social sciences and in doing so bridge the gap between the disciplines. One of the first volumes was Karl Popper's *Logik der Forschung*, which was the bestseller in this series as well until there was a new edition as part of the *Collected Works*. The definitive contributions to this series are committed to methodological individualism and critical realism. All the books published in this series have been subjected to a review by at least two of the editors and have been accepted for the series unanimously by all the editors.

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Boudon, Raymond

## Beiträge zur allgemeinen Theorie der Rationalität

Übers. v. Felix Wolter

Volume 146  
2013. XXV, 253 pages.

ISBN 9783161509018  
cloth 89,00 €

Raymond Boudon addresses one of the most important questions in social science: How can social phenomena, understood as a product of human behavior, be explained in a satisfactory manner? And how to explain phenomena that appear spontaneously as »irrational« – e.g. rain dance and religious beliefs? The author argues that social theory finds itself in a deep crisis and the classic rational choice theory and its notion of instrumental rationality have not been able to keep their promises. Boudon develops a »general theory of rationality«, which expands the notion of rationality by a cognitive and an axiological dimension. Thus, social phenomena are always the product of subjectively strong and objectively comprehensible reasons for individuals to believe in certain things and to do certain things. Beliefs and actions that appear spontaneously as irrational thus emerge as strongly rational.

Condorcet

## Ausgewählte Schriften zu Wahlen und Abstimmungen

Hrsg. u. übers. v. Joachim Behnke, Carolin Stange u. Reinhard Zintl

Volume 144  
2011. XI, 220 pages.

ISBN 9783161486883  
cloth 99,00 €

Condorcet's »Essai sur l'application de l'analyse à la Probabilité des Décisions rendues à la Pluralité des voix« is one of the groundbreaking pieces of what later became welfare theory in general and social choice theory in particular. The work of modern classics such as those written by Duncan Black, Kenneth Arrow or Thomas Schelling rests on the foundations laid by Condorcet. However, Condorcet's work is often mentioned but seldomly read. This leads to a deplorably selective reception of his thought. The translation presented here is meant to give German-speaking readers an opportunity to obtain some first-hand insight into Condorcet's contribution.

Jones, Eric L.

## Globalisierung der Kultur?

Kulturhistorische Ängste und ökonomische Anreize

Übers. v. Monika Streissler

Volume 143  
2008. XIV, 210 pages.

ISBN 9783161496028  
cloth 79,00 €

In this work, one of the leading economic historians presents his answer to the question of whether and how culture determines economics or is instead determined by it. Using illustrative examples, Jones questions one-sided cultural explanations of social behavior and describes the interaction between culture and economic development. His analysis of contemporary globalization, a subject currently under considerable and partially apprehensive discussion, shows how many centuries of economic competition have resulted in the merging of cultures into fewer and larger units, and that these changes have regularly led to important social advances. The english original was published in 2006 by Princeton University Press.

Knöll, Bodo

## Minimalstaat

Eine Auseinandersetzung mit Robert Nozicks Argumenten

Volume 142  
2008. XIV, 301 pages.

ISBN 9783161496042  
cloth 109,00 €

In his famous work, *Anarchy, State, and Utopia*, the political philosopher Robert Nozick justified a minimal state. The state should be constrained to guarantee individual rights. Due to the entitlement theory of justice, any distribution of holdings is supposed to be justified if no coercive violation of natural rights has taken place during the initial acquisition of previously unowned things and subsequent transfers. Unjust transactions of the past have to be corrected. Bodo Knöll compares Nozick's arguments with alternative libertarian theories of the state. A reconstruction from an economic point of view shows several links to economic concepts and theories. In addition, the author criticizes the entitlement theory of justice and the justification of the minimal state from an economic and a philosophical perspective.

Lüthje, Christian

## Der Prozess der Innovation

Das Zusammenwirken von technischen und ökonomischen Akteuren

Volume 141  
2008. IX, 352 pages.

ISBN 9783161494581  
cloth 114,00 €

An important key to successfully developing innovations is the degree of cooperation achieved between actors from the technology and business disciplines. Yet research on innovations suggests that cooperation between technology and business actors is often characterized by disharmony and a lack of in-depth interactions. In the first study in this volume, Christian Lüthje explores potential barriers to cooperation and shows that inherent personality differences and diverging worlds of thought can hamper cooperation considerably. In the second study, he investigates which differences in characteristics, orientations and styles actually exist, questioning whether or not these differences become more apparent during the educational and career process. Finally, the author shows that characteristics and worlds of thought are associated with the actors' intentions to engage in cross-disciplinary cooperation in the future.

Lütge, Christoph

## Was hält eine Gesellschaft zusammen?

### Ethik im Zeitalter der Globalisierung

Volume 140  
2007. XI, 293 pages.

ISBN 9783161494086  
cloth 94,00 €

Many social philosophers and ethicists contend that a modern society cannot remain stable merely by its citizens obeying all of its rules. Such prominent theoreticians as J. Habermas, J. Rawls, D. Gauthier or R. Rorty hold the view that the citizens of a modern society must exhibit additional anthropological qualities which are termed moral surpluses here. Christoph Lütge argues, however, that no moral surplus is immune to erosion by systematic counter-incentives and that anthropological qualities in general cannot serve as a basis for ethics in the globalized world. An order ethics, which is based on weaker prerequisites, namely the characteristics of situations and their basic conditions (orders), is more likely to count on cross-cultural approval in the era of globalization.

Richter, Klaus W.

## Die Wirkungsgeschichte des Deutschen Kartellrechts vor 1914

### Eine rechtshistorische-analytische Untersuchung

Volume 138  
2007. XI, 244 pages.

ISBN 9783161492327  
cloth 79,00 €

Using the history of cartel law before 1914 as an example, Klaus Richter examines the possibility of using new institutional economics for research in legal history, since the methodological apparatus of the new institutional economics has already been applied successfully in many areas of the law in force. There are two theoretical approaches of new institutional economics which prove to be particularly suited to this plan: transaction cost economics and the theory on change in economic history developed by Douglass C. North. Transaction cost economics is able to explain the development of the institutional arrangements of cartels, whereas the new institutional economics can be used to describe the institutional environment of cartel formation. Using the Rhine-Westphalian coal syndicate as an example, the author explains the connections between both approaches.

Thurner, Paul W.

## Die graduelle Konstitutionalisierung der Europäischen Union

### Eine quantitative Fallstudie am Beispiel der Regierungskonferenz 1996

Volume 136  
2006. VIII, 272 pages.

ISBN 9783161488528  
cloth 79,00 €

Paul W. Thurner studies the way in which constitutional decisions, i.e. decisions concerning the future design of an organization and the allocation of competencies among its participants, are made. Theoretical starting point is new institutional economics and organizational sociology. Application case is the EU Intergovernmental Conference 1996, which led to the Treaty of Amsterdam. For the first time, this book turns Allison's famous Model III of foreign policy decision-making into an operational model. The innovative combination of network analysis and statistical estimation allows the author to assess the influence of formal and informal, domestic, transgovernmental and international determinants on governmental negotiation behavior and negotiation performance.

Schubert, Christian

## Die rechtliche Steuerung urbanen Wandels

### Eine konstitutionenökonomische Untersuchung

Volume 135  
2006. XI, 356 pages.

ISBN 9783161488580  
cloth 94,00 €

No economic resource is as strongly regulated as the private ownership of land, and this is why urban land use law has turned into a laboratory for 'alternative' legal instruments in conformity with market conditions. Christian Schubert develops a concept for an alternative Law and Economics approach which is compatible with evolutionary insights into the nature of urban change and is based on the social contract model. He studies those rules of urban change which can attain general consent as well as those constitutional procedures with which such rules can be created. The main question turns out to be how the positive and normative governance knowledge required to regulate urban change can be generated and processed. The goal is to develop a practical social technology of legal economics in order to conduct a reform of legal governance methods.

Schularick, Moritz

## Finanzielle Globalisierung in historischer Perspektive

Kapitalflüsse von Reich nach Arm, Investitionsrisiken und globale öffentliche Güter

Volume 134  
2006. XIII, 309 pages.

ISBN 9783161488627  
cloth 89,00 €

Is financial globalization good for poor countries? Does the global financial market successfully transfer savings from rich to poor? Can financial globalization make an important contribution to global development? Moritz Schularick looks at these questions from the perspective of economic history. He argues that history shows that financial globalization can in principle make an important contribution to global development. In the first era of global finance (1880–1914), financial globalization led to substantial capital flows from rich to poor. However, the author argues that the institutional foundations such as contract enforcement and monetary stability, that have led to textbook-like financial intermediation from rich to poor in the gold standard era, are no longer present today. The lack of global public goods and correspondingly high risk perception are responsible for the marked decline in development finance in the course of the 20th century. Given these structural changes in the world economy, it seems unlikely that the global financial market can once again play a major role in transferring resources from rich to poor.

Mantzavinos, Chrysostomos

## Naturalistische Hermeneutik

Volume 133  
2006. X, 158 pages.

ISBN 9783161488689  
cloth 59,00 €

C. Mantzavinos advocates the unity of the scientific method and defends it against the claim to autonomy made by the human sciences. He shows how materials that are 'meaningful', more specifically human actions and texts, can be adequately dealt with by the hypothetico-deductive method, the standard method used in the natural sciences. The hermeneutic method is not an alternative method aimed at the understanding and the interpretation of human actions and texts, but it is the same as the hypothetico-deductive method applied to meaningful materials. The central thesis is, thus, that there is no fundamental methodological difference between natural sciences, social sciences and humanities. The English edition of this work was published by Cambridge University Press.

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Mohr Siebeck

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## Rationalität im Prozess kultureller Evolution

Rationalitätsunterstellungen als eine Bedingung der Möglichkeit substantieller Rationalität des Handelns

Hrsg. v. Hansjörg Siegenthaler

Volume 132  
2005. IX, 363 pages.

ISBN 9783161485190  
cloth 84,00 €

The authors of this volume investigate conditions of substantive rationality as well as the heuristic significance of rationality presumptions, which is the attribution of general overall consistence to the deeds and words of our fellow human beings. The authors, distinguished representatives of their fields, draw upon the newest research results in economics, social sciences and humanities, to which they themselves have also made successful contributions. In combining their different perspectives, they provide new insights into the substantial contribution which a culture of rationality presumptions is likely to make to the evolution of substantive rationality itself.

Survey of contents

Mit Beiträgen von:

Aleida Assmann, Gerd Gigerenzer, Ralph Hertwig, Ulrich Hoffrage, Christopher Hann, Franz-Xaver Kaufmann, Christian Müller, Otto Gerhard Oexle, Hans Rott, Bernd Rütters, Torsten Strulik, Michael Tomasello, Viktor Vanberg, Gerhard Wegner

**Benz, Matthias**

## Institutionen und menschliches Wohlergehen

Die Rolle von Prozessnutzen in Wirtschaft und Gesellschaft

Volume 131  
2004. IX, 190 pages.

ISBN 9783161484582  
cloth 64,00 €

People do not only care about material outcomes, but also value the processes and conditions which lead to these outcomes. Matthias Benz shows that this »procedural utility« is an empirically relevant phenomenon in many areas of the economy, politics and society. The concept can extend the traditional economic approach, which is predominantly outcome-oriented, and can contribute to a deeper understanding of human well-being and behavior. Procedural utility is relevant for the social sciences, because institutions are an important source of procedural utility. Good institutions are of central importance for the material welfare of a society. However, they also affect the psychological well-being of individuals, be it in their capacity as consumers, members of the workforce, citizens or members of society.

**Meyer, Matthias**

## Prinzipale, Agenten und ökonomische Methode

Von einseitiger Steuerung zu wechselseitiger Abstimmung

Volume 130  
2004. IX, 241 pages.

ISBN 9783161483912  
cloth 89,00 €

Economic models are not neutral reflections of reality; they always convey a certain view of the issues under investigation as well. Matthias Meyer deals with this aspect of economic theory formation in an analysis of the works of Max Weber and F.A. von Hayek. In accordance with this, the critical examination of economic models has to be expanded to include its heuristic dimension. Looking at the normative principal-agent model from this perspective, the author shows how a regulation mentality has slowly crept into economics, a mentality which is actually inconsistent with economics itself. Using the theories of Ronald Coase and Oliver Williamson, the author has developed an alternative theoretical concept of the principal-agent theory, in which the principal and the agent are confronted with a reciprocal problem.

**Schnellenbach, Jan**

## Dezentrale Finanzpolitik und Modellunsicherheit

Eine theoretische Untersuchung zur Rolle des fiskalischen Wettbewerbs als Wissen generierender Prozeß

Volume 129  
2004. X, 368 pages.

ISBN 9783161482939  
cloth 109,00 €

From a theoretical perspective, decentralization of fiscal competencies is often seen as a threat to efficiency. From a more dynamic perspective, however, there is a claim that decentralization may lead to efficiency-enhancing processes of learning and innovation. But in the realm of public economics, this claim has not been well-founded theoretically so far. In this book, a micro-based model is developed in order to examine under which conditions learning and innovation in public policies are likely to occur and how they unfold. The model is discussed for various assumptions regarding mobility. It turns out that efficient learning requires factor migration to produce correct price signals. The decentralized solution is shown to be always superior to the centralized solution as far as the production and utilisation of knowledge is concerned. A harmonization ex post, where *one* efficient policy is universally adopted is, however, not to be expected.

**Fiedler, Marina**

## Expertise und Offenheit

Volume 128  
2004. X, 219 pages.

ISBN 9783161482922  
cloth 69,00 €

The recent discussion on questions surrounding corporate development and the management of knowledge has often centered around a culture of openness, meaning an uncomplicated access to information which encourages the repeated use, development and generation of knowledge as well as learning from and in organizations. The author shows that on closer examination this kind of knowledge is unsatisfactory, since the relationship between the individual and the collective assessment of the advantages usually remains unclarified and the economic advantage of having more knowledge is often merely assumed. Marina Fiedler examines the basic theoretical structures as well as the correlation between openness and expertise. In an economy which is being increasingly influenced by knowledge and abilities pertaining to a certain subject, this theme is of strategic importance.

Schmidt, Paul-Günther

## Institutionelle Strukturen und makroökonomische Stabilität

### Eine international vergleichende Analyse

Volume 127  
2005. XI, 792 pages.

ISBN 9783161482113  
cloth 154,00 €

In view of chronic inflation and mass unemployment in many countries around the world, this book addresses the question of how and under which circumstances a higher degree of economic stability could be achieved. Paul-Günther Schmidt presents a »post-monetarist« theory drawing special attention to a variety of institutional factors that condition the macroeconomic performance of a market economy in the long run. In a cross-national empirical analysis of central banks, exchange rate regimes, banking sectors, political systems and labor market relations in 47 democracies during the last quarter of the twentieth century, the author delivers strong empirical support for the basic message of his book: in the long run the degree of macroeconomic stability is conditioned by the institutional architecture of the national economic and political system.

Saam, Nicole J.

## Prinzipale, Agenten und Macht

### Eine machttheoretische Erweiterung der Agenturtheorie und ihre Anwendung auf Interaktionsstrukturen in der Organisationsberatung

Volume 126  
2002. XII, 306 pages.

ISBN 9783161478321  
cloth 94,00 €

In this work, the author concentrates on sociological theory building in the field of organizational theory, to be more precise, on agency theory as a branch of the New Institutional Economics which analyzes the relationship between principals and agents. Nicole J. Saam puts forward the hypothesis that in relations between principals and agents there is not only asymmetrical information which favors the agent but also an asymmetry in power which favors the principal. She demonstrates that an agency theory which has been theoretically extended in terms of power and which thereby assumes opposing asymmetries in relation to information and power has more explanatory weight and is of higher empirical relevance than the traditional agency theory.

Engländer, Armin

## Diskurs als Rechtsquelle?

### Zur Kritik der Diskurstheorie des Rechts

Volume 125  
2002. IX, 196 pages.

ISBN 9783161478369  
cloth 79,00 €

The discourse theory of law is one of those concepts which have received considerable attention in the current discussion on the philosophy of law. The central hypothesis of this is that laws and judicial decisions have to be shown as justifiable in a discourse. Armin Engländer gives an in-depth criticism of this viewpoint. He demonstrates in detail that the basic linguistic assumptions have not been substantiated convincingly and that central elements of modern constitutional states, such as for example subjective rights of freedom, cannot be justified adequately from the standpoint of the discourse theory.

Franke, Nikolaus

## Realtheorie des Marketing

### Gestalt und Erkenntnis

Volume 124  
2002. XIII, 455 pages.

ISBN 9783161478352  
cloth 119,00 €

The science of marketing is often accused of being unscientific, non-theoretical and excessively fragmentary. In this comprehensive study, Nikolaus Franke shows that such sweeping accusations are not tenable. The methods of proceeding according to a real theory, whose scientific approach is not disputed even by its critics, are firmly embedded in the science of marketing. Theories in the sense of law-like generalizations already exist in marketing, and it is in these that approaches to a realistic theory of marketing become apparent.

Olson, Mancur

## Macht und Wohlstand

Kommunistischen und kapitalistischen Diktaturen entwachsen

Übers. v. Gerd Fleischmann

Volume 123  
2003. XIV, 203 pages.

ISBN 9783161481253  
sewn paper 39,00 €

Mancur Olson contends that governments can play an essential role in the development of markets. The reliable enforcement of private contracts and the protection of individual rights to property depend on governments strong enough to guarantee these rights yet constrained enough not to undermine them.

Volckart, Oliver

## Wettbewerb und Wettbewerbsbeschränkung im vormodernen Deutschland 1000–1800

Volume 122  
2002. X, 269 pages.

ISBN 9783161476907  
cloth 79,00 €

This volume is a contribution to the discussion surrounding the theory that the origin of free enterprise institutions in Europe was connected closely with the division of the continent into fragments. The author focuses on the very fragmented Holy Roman Empire between the 11th and the 18th century. Oliver Volckart looks into the question of how competition between political protagonists in the Empire for the assistance of potential supporters and competition between territorial political authorities for mobile production factors affected the development of those institutions within which the competition on economic markets takes place.

Ackermann, Rolf

## Pfadabhängigkeit, Institutionen und Regelreform

Volume 120  
2001. X, 250 pages.

ISBN 9783161476785  
cloth 79,00 €

In this work, Rolf Ackermann deals with the far-reaching methodological and the politico-economic questions raised by the phenomenon of path dependency. He shows that it is almost impossible for a state to know *ex ante* what the right path is. On the other hand, it seems obvious that cases of 'evolutionary failure' can occur, which then might make it expedient for state or collective action to correct the mistakes *ex post*. The author analyzes three causes of institutional inflexibility caused by path dependence: coordination effects, complementarity effects and the self-reinforcing effects of the traditional ways of thinking or 'mental models' in society. He shows that the probability of successful institutional reforms increases if these causes are properly diagnosed, illustrating this with the example of the transformation of formerly socialist countries.

Wüstemann, Jens

## Institutionenökonomik und internationale Rechnungslegungsordnungen

Volume 119  
2002. XIV, 217 pages.

ISBN 9783161476822  
cloth 59,00 €

What makes capital markets efficient, and how can accounting create effective protection for investors? Jens Wüstemann systematizes and assesses the accounting system in the USA, basing his analysis on the theoretical foundation of institutional economics and giving a comparison of investor protection in the USA and in Germany. He focuses on the institutional design of accounting and disclosure rules in international capital markets. In doing so, he develops general principles of information which can be seen as a model for the reorganization of the German accounting system.

Eckardt, Martina

## Technischer Wandel und Rechtsrevolution

Ein Beitrag zur ökonomischen Theorie der Rechtsentwicklung am Beispiel des deutschen

Unfallchadensrechts

Volume 118  
2001. X, 359 pages.

ISBN 9783161476402  
cloth 94,00 €

The introduction of technological innovations always causes unforeseeable risks and damages. Since the rules of the law always refer to known problems, legal innovations are necessary in order to regulate new types of damages. These innovations are brought about by legal decisions and legislation, and can be regarded as the result of cumulative variation-selection processes. In this work, Martina Eckardt analyzes the central economic, legal and political selection mechanisms. She uses the German law pertaining to accidental damage to demonstrate the effectivity of the theory of legal development she is describing. She focuses her empirical analysis on the development of the modern liability law and the legal regulation of industrial accidents in the 19th century.



Volume 116  
2001. XII, 367 pages.  
ISBN 9783161475078  
cloth 74,00 €

Pies, Ingo

## Ordnungspolitik in der Demokratie

Ein ökonomischer Ansatz diskursiver Politikberatung

Ladeur, Karl-Heinz

## Negative Freiheitsrechte und gesellschaftliche Selbstorganisation

Zur Erzeugung von Sozialkapital durch gesellschaftliche Institutionen

Volume 114  
2000. XIII, 350 pages.  
ISBN 9783161473265  
cloth 89,00 €

In the literature written for and by members of the legal or social sciences professions, negative rights of individual liberty are often presented as privileges that protect the 'egoistical individual' from the state. In the various versions of methodological individualism, this is either justified as a necessary expression of respect for the autonomy of the individual, or it is looked upon critically as a reduction of human freedom by its collective component. From a critical point of view, what is needed is a supplementation of the negative rights of individual liberty with a 'positive' counterpart in order to enable 'real' freedom.

Suchanek, Andreas

## Normative Umweltökonomik

Zur Herleitung von Prinzipien rationaler Umweltpolitik

Volume 111  
2000. VII, 234 pages.  
ISBN 9783161472848  
cloth 59,00 €

One of the fundamental purposes of environmental economics is to contribute to the rationalization of the discourse on this subject by explaining the principles of a rational environmental policy. Andreas Suchanek examines two approaches in regard to their suitability for deriving these principles: welfare economics and normative environmental economics. Based on considerations from social theory and methodology he shows that those principles derived from normative environmental economics are more capable of fulfilling the conditions for the implementation of a rational environmental policy than the principles of welfare economics.

Survey of contents

### Ausgangspunkte

Die Umweltproblematik als gesellschaftliches Problem – Die Bedingungen der modernen Gesellschaft – Die Funktion einer normativen Umweltökonomik – Methodologische Anforderungen an eine normative Umweltökonomik – Funktion und Herleitung von Prinzipien rationaler Umweltpolitik

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### Zusammenfassung und Ausblick

Kobler, Markus

## Der Staat und die Eigentumsrechte

Institutionelle Qualität und wirtschaftliche Entwicklung

Volume 110  
1999. X, 309 pages.  
ISBN 9783161472046  
cloth 89,00 €

Markus Kobler deals with an economic analysis of property and contract rights as the rules shaping human behavior in economics. His approach offers new insights to the widely discussed, but only incompletely understood topic of institutions. The author places special emphasis on attempting to define what are efficient property and contract rights (the 'institutional quality'), and shows how institutional quality has a positive impact on economic development. Furthermore, an original approach for analyzing the determinants of institutional quality with regard to the state's power and its commitment is developed, and then linked to income and wealth distribution as well as freedom of information. Finally, an extended empirical analysis for the theoretical presumptions concludes the book.



Bohnen, Alfred

## Handlungsprinzipien oder Systemgesetze

### Über Traditionen und Tendenzen theoretischer Sozialerkenntnis

Volume 109  
1999. VIII, 181 pages.

ISBN 9783161472497  
paper 29,00 €

The central problem of social theory is explaining the specific properties of social systems. Two general approaches or research programmes have been competing to find the solution to this problem. The first system represents a holistic view of social reality and therefore searches for irreducible laws of social systems. The second is based on a reductionistic point of view and thus aims at a reductive explanation of social life on the basis of laws or principles pertaining to individual behavior. In the last two decades, there has been a remarkable shift to reductionism in social theory. In his work, the author analyzes the tendency toward reductionism and shows how it resulted from the development of theoretical thinking which was initiated by the founders of modern social science in the 18th century.

Dettmann, Ulf

## Der Radikale Konstruktivismus

Volume 106  
1999. X, 286 pages.

ISBN 9783161471667  
cloth 74,00 €

The Sokal affair demonstrated that there is a demand for anti-patriarchal logic, the creative chaos theory and the minority-friendly theory of relativity in fashion-conscious progressive circles. However it also bore eloquent witness to what can happen when the rational standards of scientific methods are thrown overboard by giving in to the postmodern striving for pluralism, relativism and unlimited tolerance. Using radical constructivism as an example, Ulf Dettmann shows that naturalistic relativism also does not offer any possibility of getting closer to a more humane and tolerant world with the methods of postmodern theory formation.

Apolte, Thomas

## Die ökonomische Konstitution eines föderalen Systems

### Dezentrale Wirtschaftspolitik zwischen Kooperation und institutionellem Wettbewerb

Volume 105  
1999. XII, 231 pages.

ISBN 9783161471087  
cloth 59,00 €

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